

Explore Barcelona





Catch glimpses of breathtaking landmarks during your stay. Mixing a little pleasure with business never hurt anyone - do not miss your chance to visit some of the most beautiful places in Barcelona! Here are some of our suggestions.

Plaga Espanya



During your stay in the Catalonia Barcelona Plaza you will be overlooking the **Plaça Espanya** - one of the city's biggest and most significant squares. The square was built in 1929, for the purpose of the Universal Exhibition.





In the vicinity of the square you will also have the chance to observe the Venetian towers, which mark the

entrance to the exhibition district.

You surely won't miss Plaza de toros de las Arenas!



This establishment used to serve as a bullring in the past. Later on, it hosted numerous concerts, and in 2011 it was reopened as a commercial mall.



Park Guell

One of the most known sites in Barcelona surely caught your attention a number of times - so don't miss the chance to visit **Park Güell**, if you haven't already!



This magnificent complex begun to be built in 1900, by Antoni Gaudí. The building of the park was commissioned by Eusebi Güell, after whom the park takes the name. Initially, the complex was intended to be an estate for wealthy families.

Eventually, the park became a private garden, which was open to public events. After Güell passed away, the park was offered to the City Council, and it was opened as a municipal park in 1926.

In 1969 the park was recognized as an artistic monument, while in 1984 it was declared a UNESCO World Heritage Site.



Within the premises of the park you can also visit the **Gaudí House Museum**. As the name suggests, the house was the residence of the architect. After his death, the house was taken up by private owners, only to be open as the Gaudi House Museum in 1963.

Directions:



-Distance: 5.7km

-Walking time: 1h19min

-Public transportation time: 44min



Casa Milà & Casa Batlló



Casa Milà, also known as La Pedrera, was between 1906 and 1910. construction was commissioned by Pere Milà and Roser Segimon. The outer facade of the building resembles an open quarry. The structure was built as a family home, meant include apartments for rent. The ownership of the building changed in 1946. In the following years, the state of the building slowly deteriorated due to high maintenance costs. In 1984, the building became a part of the UNESCO World Heritage Site, and soon after that in 1987, the restoration works began. A distinct feature on the building are its chimneys.





Directions (Casa Milà):

-Distance: 3.1 km -Walking: : 38min

-Public

transportation: 22

min



Casa Batlló is yet another one of Gaudi's masterpieces - it was remodelled in 1904, from a previously existing house. The façade is decorated with a mosaic made of broken ceramic tiles, a signature element of Gaudí's work. In 2005, Casa Batló became a Unesco World Heritage Site.





-Distance: 2,6 km -Walking: 32min -Public transportation: 18min



Sagrada Família

The Basílica i Temple Expiatori de la Sagrada Família is a Roman Church, designed by none other than Gaudí. Like the previously mentioned works of Gaudi, Sagrada Família is a part of the UNESCO World Heritage Site.



The construction began in 1882 by architect Francisco de Paula del Villar, and Gaudí took over in 1883 once Fransisco resigned as the head architect.





Less than one fourth of the establishment was built by 1926, the year in which Gaudí passed away. The construction was paused due to the Spanish Civil War, and began once again in the 1950s.

By 2010, the construction passed the midpoint and the planned date of completion is on the 100th anniversary of Gaudí's death - in 2026.

Directions:



-Distance: 4,4km -Walking: 55min -Public transportation: 21 min



Montjuic

Montjuïc is a hill in Barcelona overlooking the harbour. On the hill several fortifications were built over the years. Last one to be built was **Castle of Montjuïc** which remains on the top of the hill, to this day.



On the Montjuïc hill, among other things, you can visit the **Palau National**, which was the main site of the 1929 International Exhibition. Since 1934, the National Art Museum of Catalonia has been situated within the building.



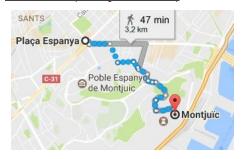
Estadi Olimpic de Montjuïc was the main stadium, hosting the 1992 Olympic Games.

In the vicinity of the hill you can also visit:

- -the Botanical Garden
- -the Ethology museum of Barcelona
- -the Catalan museum of Archaeology
- -the Olympic and Sports Museum Joan Antoni Samaranch
- -Montjuïc Cemetery
- -Joan Miró Foundation (modern art museum)



Directions (Montjuïc Castle):



Distance: 3,2km Walking time: 47min

Public transportation time: 21 min



Parc de la ciutadella

This beautiful park was created in 1877.







Catalan Parliament







Barcelona Zoo



Arc de Triomf de Barcelona

Directions:



-Distance: 3,5km -Walking time: 42min

-Public transportation time: 22min







Enjoy your stay

